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Fig.1

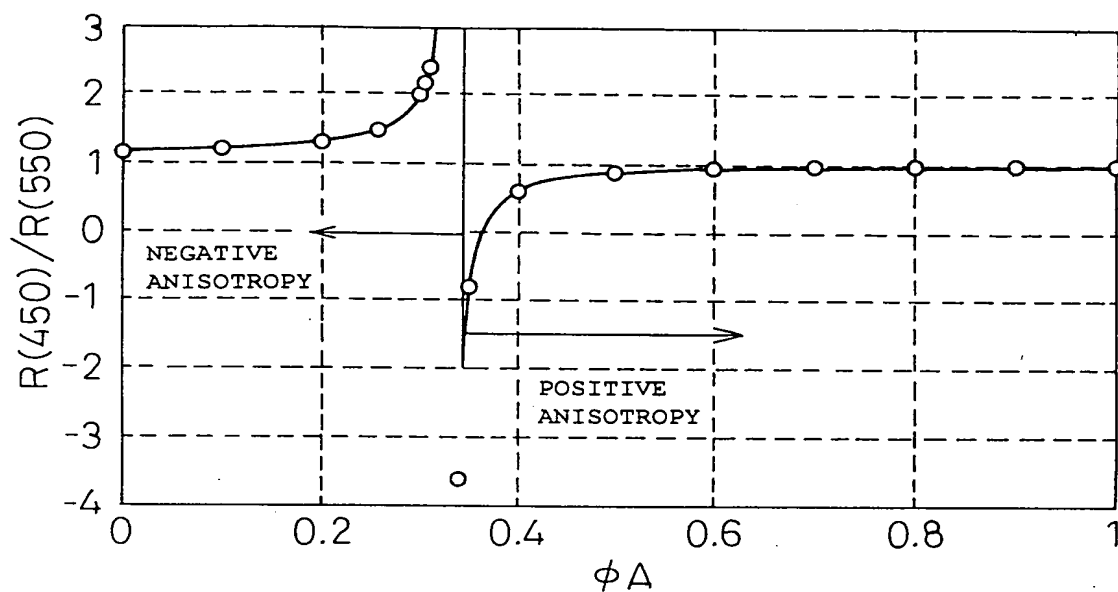


Fig. 2

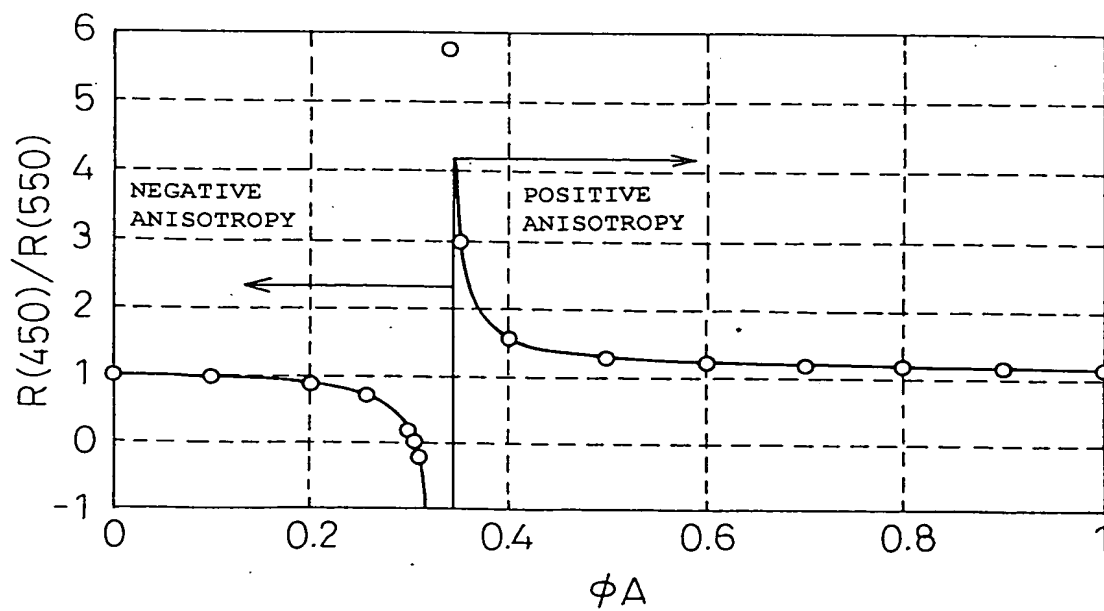


Figure 1 is a graph showing the ratio $R(450)/R(550)$ versus the parameter $\phi\Delta$. The y-axis ranges from 0 to 1.6, and the x-axis ranges from 0 to 1.0. The curve starts at approximately (0, 1.15) and increases slowly to about (0.6, 1.55). A vertical line is drawn at $\phi\Delta \approx 0.7$. To the left of this line, the region is labeled "NEGATIVE ANISOTROPY" with an arrow pointing left. To the right of this line, the region is labeled "POSITIVE ANISOTROPY" with an arrow pointing right. The curve continues from the bottom right, passing through approximately (0.7, 0.15), (0.8, 0.85), and (1.0, 1.0).

Figure 1 is a graph showing the ratio $R(450)/R(550)$ versus the angle $\phi \Delta$. The y-axis ranges from 0.5 to 2.0, and the x-axis ranges from 0 to 1.0. The curve starts at (0, 1.0) and remains near 1.0 until $\phi \Delta$ is approximately 0.3. It then decreases, reaching approximately 0.6 at $\phi \Delta = 0.6$. A vertical line at $\phi \Delta = 0.7$ separates the 'NEGATIVE ANISOTROPY' region (left) from the 'POSITIVE ANISOTROPY' region (right). In the positive anisotropy region, the curve rises sharply to a peak of 2.0 at $\phi \Delta = 0.7$, then decreases to approximately 1.15 at $\phi \Delta = 1.0$.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Fig. 7

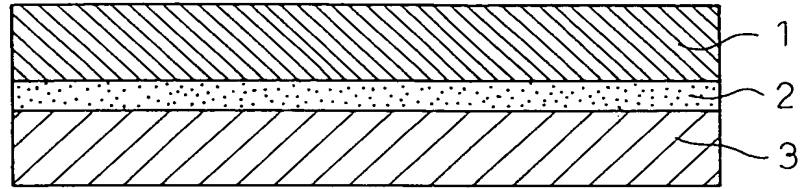


Fig. 8

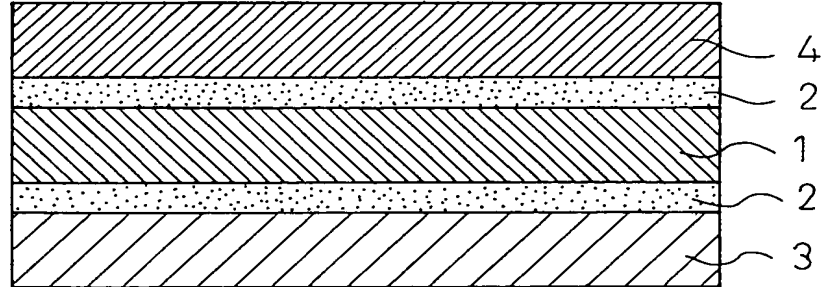


Fig. 9

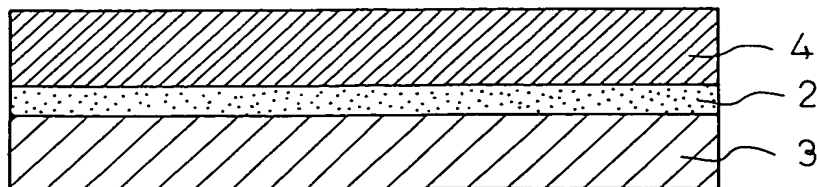


Fig.10

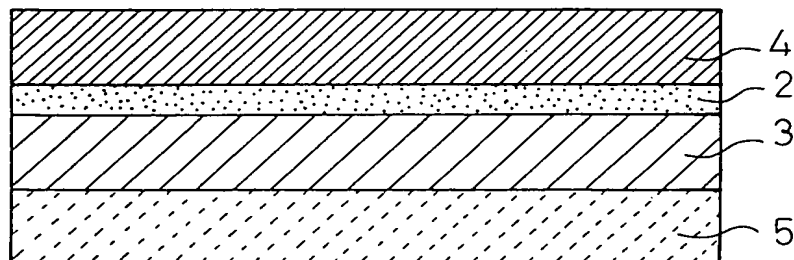


Fig.11

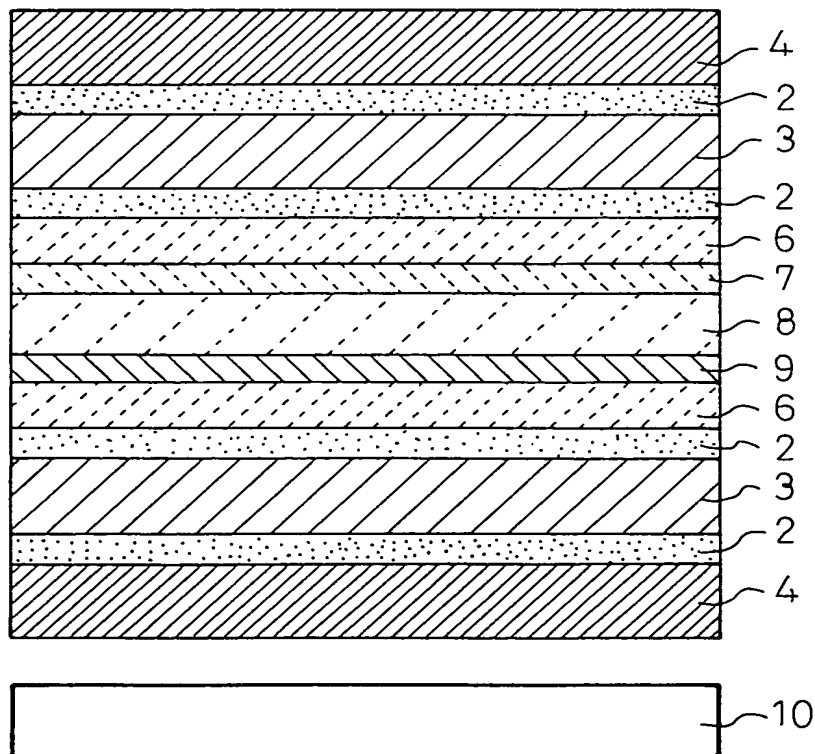


Fig.12

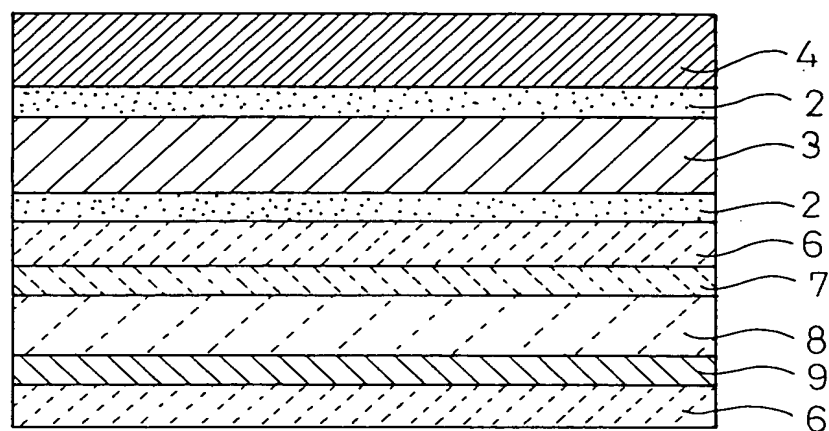


Fig.13

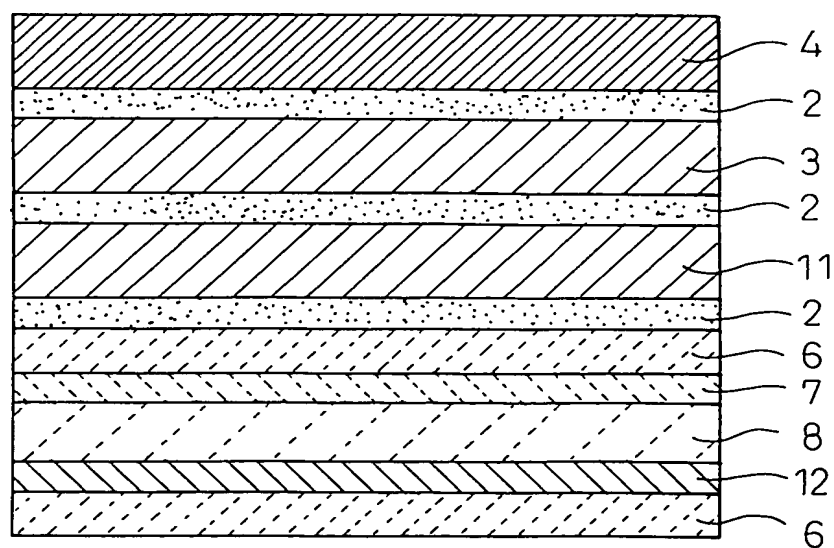


Fig.14

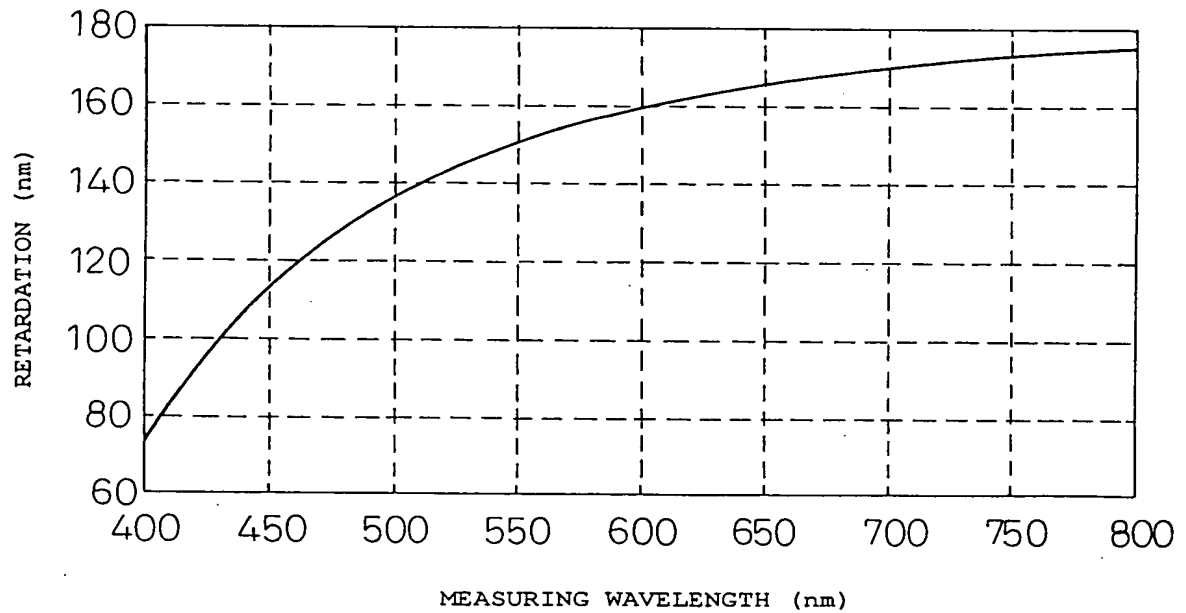


Fig.15

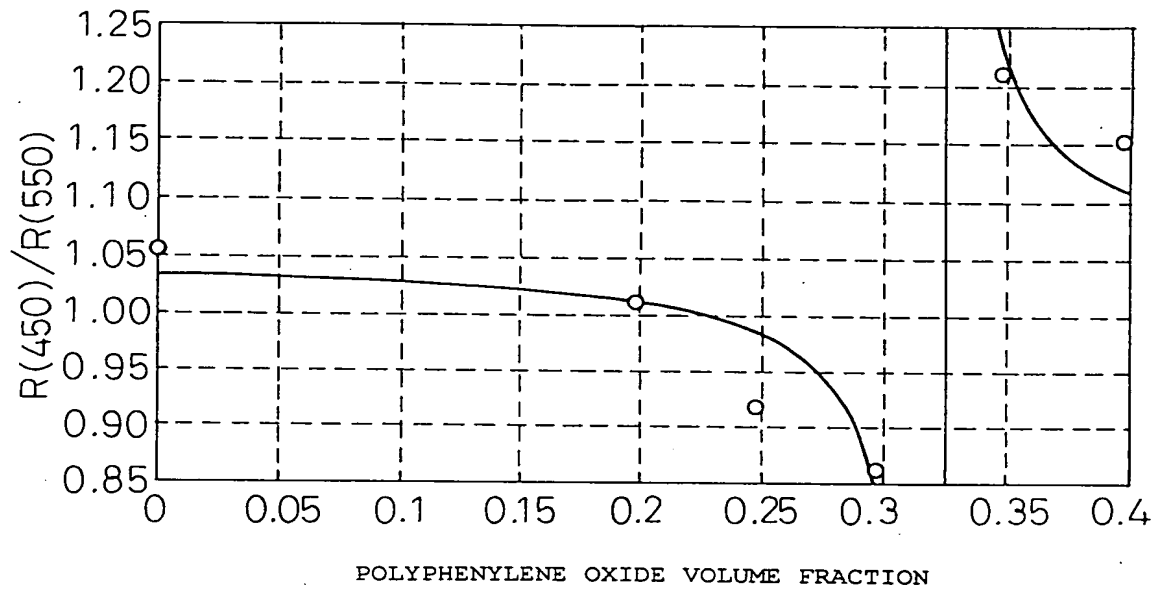


Fig.16

